### **Exploring the climate-sanitation nexus in rapidly** urbanising towns in Asia and Africa: a climate justice perspective

Dr Shilpi Srivastava with BROWN GOLD team Institute of Development Studies, UK

#### Global South Academic Conclave on WASH and Climate 2025

21st - 23rd February 2025, Ahmedabad





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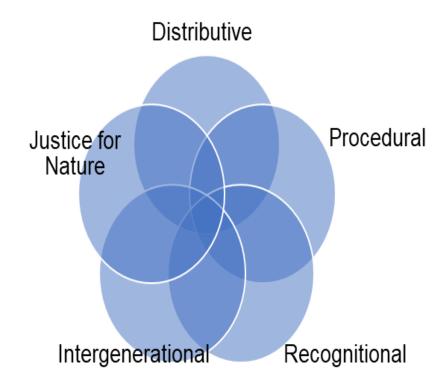




# The climate-sanitation nexus

- From the 'the last taboo' to key to realising the SDGs
- Toilet coverage has increased due to massive sanitation campaigns, but many challenges remain
- Creation of 'sanitation divide' not only within big cities but also between big cities and numerous small towns that are poorly served (Neelam and Narayanan 2018)
- Climate change is a stress multiplier and can exacerbate structural inequalities
- Context of cascading risks and uncertainties (from variability to volatility)

#### Pillars of climate justice

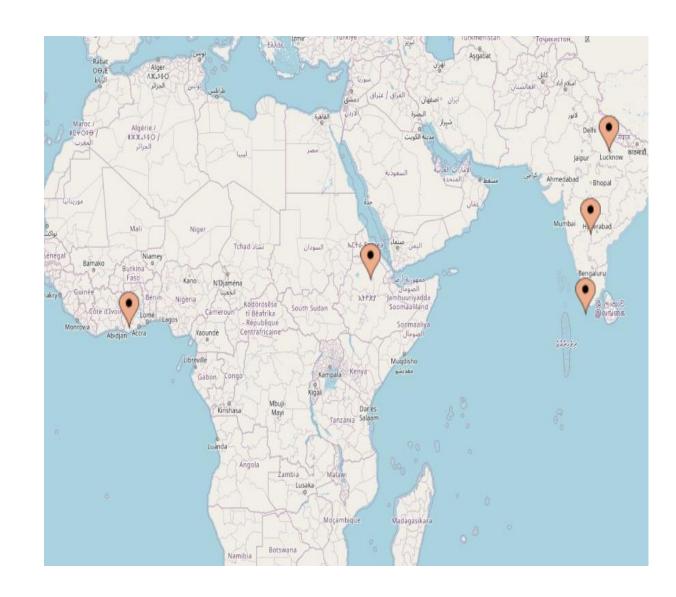


Source: Newell et al. 2021

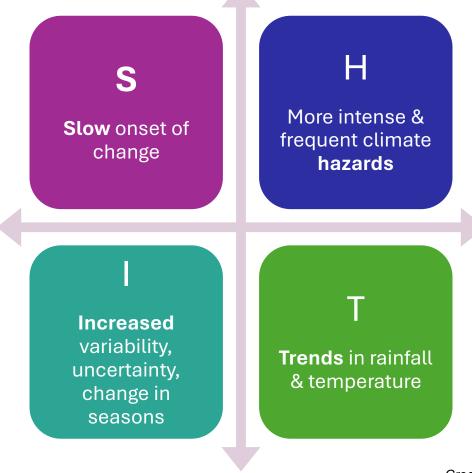




- How do local communities live with offgrid sanitation challenges?
- Which kinds of socio-technical and institutional processes/ innovations are required to re-imagine shit as 'brown gold'?
- How can locally appropriate innovations be facilitated to be socio-culturally acceptable, and socially inclusive? What are the trade-offs?
- What kinds of policy, business and regulatory frameworks enable/ disable the uptake, scaling up and sustenance of these innovations?



# Climate change is SHIT



Attributed to: Terry Cannon with MSc Climate Change students (2017-2020)

Credit: Glory Edwards, MSc CC&D graduate 2017 and Billie Selby for the HITS approach 2020

## **Sites and methods**

| Sites             | Topography | Climate context  | Vulnerability context   | Vulnerable groups                              |
|-------------------|------------|--|---|--|
| Ethiopia -Mekelle | Highlands  | Drought, floods<br>water scarcity, high<br>variability | Protracted conflict and displacement                                      | Refugees                                       |
| India -Alleppey   | Coastal    | Floods, storm surges                                   | Unplanned<br>development,<br>high water<br>table                          | Migrant workers; Informal septic tank emptiers |
| Nepal-Gulariya    | Terai      | Heatwaves, floods and high variability                 | Heat extremes lead to reduced work efficiency; WASH infrastructure damage | Dalit workers                                  |

**Qualitative** (ethnography, interviews, focus group discussions, document reviews)

**Quantitative** (sanitary survey, shit flow diagrams, water quality analysis)

**Creative** (photovoice, art performance, photo elicitation)



# Nepal: High variability magnifies health risks

- Temperature extremes impact on taste, odour, colour and acceptability
- Can also affect safety (regrowth of microbes /pathogens), especially in nutrient-rich waters\*
- 93.3% of households avoided stored water (treated or untreated) and reverted to drinking directly from groundwater sources
- 68.7% stored water (treated/untreated) characterised as unsafe (including piped supplies)
- 33.3% of tanks **overflow during rainy season** and 42.3% have **never** been **emptied**









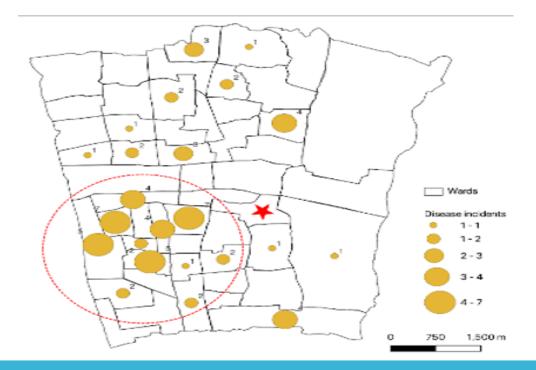






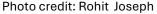
# Alleppey: Spatial inequalities compound vulnerability

- Canals become open sewage network, not only the stormwater but also the waste produced in the town flows through it
- Downstream areas becomes waste sink
- A combination of flooding and improper septic tanks leads to the need for constant desludging
- Sanitation work as labour-intensive













### Mekelle: Conflict-climate and sanitation

- Sanitation and water systems were damaged during the war (2020-2022)
- Increase in open defecation
- Floods and droughts compounded the situation
- Wastewater use and shit reuse received a boost
- Lead to experiments with circular innovations







Photo credit: Kifle Woldearegay









# Preliminary conclusions and ways forward

- Distributive inequalities are pervasive in the sanitation-climate nexus
- Exacerbated by procedural and recognitional injustices as bottom-up perspectives missed
- The temporal and spatial context (when hazard strikes, where and for whom) critical in understanding both short and long-term impacts of the climate-sanitation nexus



Sanitation as pivot for mitigation and adaptation Bottom-up understandings, centering community perspectives

Amplifying citizen science- bringing evidence from different lens (social, ecological, technological and embodied)

Taking uncertainty seriously!



#### Towards Brown Gold?

The challenges and opportunities of reuse in realising universal sanitation in rapidly urbanising areas

September 2024















Email: s.srivastava2@ids.ac.uk Project: https://medium.com/@TowardsBrownGold **Thank You Global South Academic Conclave on WASH and Climate 2025 Gates Foundation** viega foundation

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